

# Robust ALM: Dealing with Model Ambiguity

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# Audience Questions

- Does model uncertainty/ambiguity play a role in determining your ALM strategy?
- Do you discuss model uncertainty with your management?

# Risk vs Model Ambiguity

- We don't know the “true” model in economics
  - Data-generating process may change over time
- We only observe history
- Task: make a decision on optimal investment



# Optimality vs Robustness

- Optimal decision sensitive to underlying model
  - Example: mean-variance optimal asset mix
- Optimal in-sample, poor performance out-of-sample
  - Why is the “optimal” portfolio so bad?

# ALM Example

- Consider 3 asset classes: A, B, C
  - Volatilities & Correlations:

<b>Vola</b>	<b>Corr Mat</b>	<b>A</b>	<b>B</b>	<b>C</b>
10%	<b>A</b>	100%	25%	25%
20%	<b>B</b>	25%	100%	90%
20%	<b>C</b>	25%	90%	100%

- Note high correlation between B and C

## ALM Example (2)

- Consider different views on returns:

mu-vec	Hist Data	View+A	View+B	View+C
A	2.5%	3.0%	2.0%	2.0%
B	5.0%	5.0%	6.0%	5.0%
C	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%	6.0%

- Find mean/variance optimal asset mix

# ALM Example (3)

## Optimal Portfolio's

- Extremely sensitive to small changes in return
- Why are the optimal portfolio's so unstable?

mu-vec	View+A	View+B	View+C
A	3.0%	2.0%	2.0%
B	5.0%	6.0%	5.0%
C	5.0%	5.0%	6.0%
	1	1	1
$\chi^*$	View+A	View+B	View+C
A	61%	41%	41%
B	20%	92%	-33%
C	20%	-33%	92%
$\mu^*$	3.8%	4.7%	4.7%
$\text{sig}^*$	10.9%	14.3%	14.3%
Objective	2.6%	2.6%	2.6%

# ALM: Out-of-Sample test

## Sensitivity test

- Evaluate “optimal” portfolio for alternative models
- “Optimal” portfolio has poor out-of-sample performance

$X^*(+A)$	View+A	View+B	View+C
61%	3.8%	3.4%	3.4%
20%	10.9%	10.9%	10.9%
20%	2.6%	2.2%	2.2%
$X^*(+B)$	View+A	View+B	View+C
41%	4.2%	4.7%	3.4%
92%	14.3%	14.3%	14.3%
-33%	2.1%	2.6%	1.4%

# Robust ALM

## Find “robust” asset mix

- Asset mix that maximises worst-case of all views
  - Filter out “too aggressive” optimisation behaviour
- Good out-of-sample performance

## Robust Asset Mix

<b>X*(+A)</b>	<b>View+A</b>	<b>View+B</b>	<b>View+C</b>
61%	3.8%	3.4%	3.4%
20%	10.9%	10.9%	10.9%
20%	2.6%	2.2%	2.2%
<b>X*(+B)</b>	<b>View+A</b>	<b>View+B</b>	<b>View+C</b>
41%	4.2%	4.7%	3.4%
92%	14.3%	14.3%	14.3%
-33%	2.1%	2.6%	1.4%
<b>X*(Rob)</b>	<b>View+A</b>	<b>View+B</b>	<b>View+C</b>
53%	3.9%	3.6%	3.6%
23%	11.7%	11.7%	11.7%
23%	2.6%	2.3%	2.3%

# Conclusions

- Optimal ALM portfolios can be very sensitive to model assumptions
  - Optimisation “magnifies” model-assumptions
  - Poor out-of-sample performance
- Use robust optimisation to mitigate sensitivity
  - Good out-of-sample performance