

Solidarity buffer and solidarity preferences

"Social preferences reflect altruism, reciprocity and self-interest"

Eduard Ponds and Evert Webers

With the introduction of the new Dutch pension contract, many industry-wide pension funds opt for the solidarity contribution scheme that gives a prominent role to the joint buffer (solidarity reserve). However, to what extent do participants support this buffer and do social preferences in that support exist? We investigated this in a representative survey of participants in the 38 largest sector pension funds.

Principal Findings

- Solidarity is greater when (active or retired) status and age are similar.
- Almost half of the participants are strongly altruistic and greatly support the buffer.
- More than a third of participants want to show solidarity with other participants, but only when it is based on reciprocity.
- A relatively small group focuses more on their own interests and values solidarity and the buffer less.
- Support exists among active participants for filling and distribution rules that benefit their own target group.
- Likewise, retirees strongly support filling and distribution rules that favour their own group more.

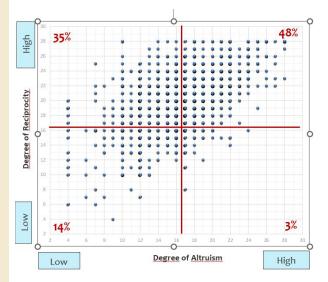


Figure 3: Ordering of respondents into subgroups based on the degree of reciprocity and altruism

Key Takeaways for the Industry

- Funds should consider the social preferences among their participants when setting up and providing information about buffer rules.
- If many participants focus on their own interests and reciprocity, funds could appeal to this selfinterest by underlining that the buffer works both ways. In the currently chosen interpretation this is often not the case.
- More funds could focus on the buffer helping others during setbacks.

Want to know more? Read the paper 'Solidariteitsbuffer en Solidariteitsvoorkeuren' (in Dutch)

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